Exercise Sheet 2

Asymptotic regularization

Asymptotic regularization (also called *Showalter's method*) consists of solving the initial value problem

$$\begin{array}{rcl} u_{\delta}'(t) + T^{*}Tu_{\delta}(t) &=& T^{*}y^{\delta}, & t > 0 \\ u_{\delta}(0) &=& 0 \end{array}$$
(1)

and approximating $x^{\dagger} = T^{\dagger}y$ by $x_{\alpha}^{\delta} = R_{\alpha}y^{\delta} = u_{\delta}(1/\alpha)$, i.e., the stopping time plays the role of a regularization parameter.

1. Prove that the unique solution $u_{\delta} \in C^{1}([0,\infty), X)$ of the initial value problem (1) is given by

$$u_{\delta}(t) = (T^*T)^{-1}(I - \exp(-tT^*T))T^*y^{\delta}.$$

- 2. Determine the functions q_{α} und r_{α} for Showalter's method and verify conditions (11), (12), (13), and (18) (with $\mu_0 = \infty$)
- 3. Prove that: Solving the initial value problem (1) by an explicit Euler method with step size one yields Landweber iteration.
- 4. Prove that: Solving the initial value problem (1) by an implicit Euler method with step size $1/\alpha$ yields iterated Tikhonov regularization.